DATE: 19 August 1984 SAMPLE: 56 DK box dredg
CRUISE ID: SO 33
LOC: VII
AREA: E

	time (GMT)	LAT (N)	LON (W)	water depth (m)	wire
ON BOTTOM =	1521	15°35.38	169°12.44	1335	145
OFF BOTTOM =	1637	15°36.59	169°12.08	1484	148
mean dredge data (corrected): (bereichiert)		15°35'55"	169°12'03"	1387 (758 fm)	

RECOVERY WEIGHT = total 13 kg crust 3 kg
10 kg basalt + hyaloclasti

CRUST THICKNESS = 1–5 cm Avg = 2.5 cm
2 generations

SUBSTRATE = Basalt + hyaloclastite

COMMENTS:

* microbio sample

* confidential

56 DK

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: 5033

Sample I.D: Sta: 56 DK

Location: Kelly Sta R.D
15°35'55" N
169°12'03" W
(-)13 87 M

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

1

2

Rock Type: Basalt (AOB?) Hyaloclastite I

Color: Moderate reddish-brown (matrix) (10 R 4/6)

Texture: Pyroclastic

Matrix: Basaltic glass shards, ±67
" rock fragments, ±3

Cement: Zeolites, ±15 %.
Phosphorite ±12 %.
Calcite, ±3 %.

Average grain size: ± 1 mm
(range: fine sand - fine gravel)

grain shape: angular - Subrounded

Sorting: Moderately poorly sorted

Porosity: ± 30 %.

Permeability: ± 80 %

Alteration: Complete; (oxidation, hydration, zeolitization, smectitization; phosphorization, carbonation)

Remarks: Similar to material from the previous two dredges, perhaps of the same derivation. In some specimens, cement is largely calcite and zeolites; in others, the calcite has been ± replaced with phosphorite and the degree of zeolitization varies from specimen to specimen, serves as substrate for encrustation of ferromanganese (± 25 mm thick) deposit (knobby, wavy surface); Oxidation & Zeolitization seem to be the dominant reactions in this alteration rock; curious development of very regular polygonal shapes of many matrix fragments, result of zeolite crystallization peripheral to fragments

two pieces have curious ±5 (1-2 cm thick) inclusions of phosphorized (carious worm?) tubes. These form a network between hyaloclastite and ferromanganese crust.

→ do - II

Grayish yellow (5Y 8/4), (matrix) Olive gray (5Y 3/2)

clastic

→ do - ± 50 %.

Phosphorite, calcite, zeolites, } ± 50 % (intimate mixture?)

± 2 mm
(fine sand to medium gravel)
angular - subangular

poorly sorted

± 45 %.

± 5 %.

Complete; (zeolitization, smectitization (montmorillonite?) hydration, phosphorization, carbonation)

→ - do -, but type of alteration, cementation is different, coloring the matrix fragments differently and creating different composition and color of cement

*1 Very like 54 DK 2

→ ± 10 mm thick encrustation of ferromanganese oxide

*2 (where the description) ~~Sounds~~
56 DK 4 is very like S 037 36/5 2
~~56 DK 3 is very like S 037 41 DS 11~~

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: S033

Sample I.D: Sta: 56DK

Location: Kali R.L
15° 35'55" N
169° 12'03" W
-) 1387 m

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

3

Rock Type: chalk-phosphorite

color: [Very pale orange (10YR 8/2) (usually stained externally by $Fe(OH)_3$) to pale yellowish-orange (10YR 8/6) to Dark yellowish-orange (10YR 6/6)]

Texture: microgranular

Matrix: Globigerina(?) globorotalia(?) test remnants and "ghosts" left by phosphorization process, 15-20%.

Cement: phosphorite (francolite?) 80-85%

Average grain size: < 0.010 mm (range: 0.005(?) — ± 1mm)

" grain shape: round — acicular(?) (probably)

Sorting: well-sorted (prior to phosphorization)

Porosity: ± 5%.

Permeability: ± 1%

Alteration: extensive — nearly complete (phosphorization of calcite, oxidation of of siderite(?))

Remarks: fragments and clasts ranging from small pebbles to boulders, dislodged by dredge from outcrop (?), forms cap several mm to ± 1 cm thick on top of 56 DK 1 & 4 lithologies, frequently composed in part of large (± 5 mm dia), meandering calcareous (phosphorized) worm tubes(?) the shells of which are concentric in development parallel to X-sections of the tubes, with central tubular channel 1-6mm dia. Serve as substrate for knobby, botryoidal (finely to coarsely) 1-generation dendritic ferro-manganese crust; this crust delivers some $Fe(OH)_3$(?), by downward diffusion to underlying substrate, altering color and compositions.

* Very like 5037 41 DS 1C

≠

AoB(?) Hyaloclastite III

≠ pyroclastic

≠ Hyaloclastite fragments, ± 65%.

≠ smectite, zeolites } ± 35% (undifferentiated)

≠ 0.50 mm (range: 0.10mm — 5mm)

≠ subangular-subrounded

≠ moderately poorly-sorted

≠ ± 80%.

≠ ± ± 60%

→ Complete (?) (oxidation, zeolitization, argillation, hydration, calcification, phosphatization?)

→ fragments and clasts ranging from small pebbles to boulders, dislodged by dredge from outcrop (?) (subbottom) Probably related to 56 DK 4 and 2, just different types of cementation and alteration involved in lithification and diagenesis; generally much more dense and lithified than 56 DK 4, some of which is so friable as to be fragile (uncemented), margins of grains are well-defined, as with mineral overgrowth (dark — perhaps thin ferro-manganese oxide coating); internally some are highly alt to $Fe(OH)_3$(?) or perhaps goethite (reddish-brown) (some) color, in the interiors; exteriors are bleached o altered to montmorillonite(?) — must see this way all the way through — Similar to 56 DK 2

→ Serves as substrate for ferro-manganese oxide deposits (like those as in the other lithologies) of this dredge

* Very like 5039 36 DS 2