DATE: 1 August
CRUISE ID: SO 33
LOC: I
AREA: A

SAMPLE: 6DK Box dredge

	time (GMT)	LAT (N)	LON (W)	water depth (m)	wire out
(uncorrected) ON BOTTOM =	1420	18°40.9784	158°18.8480	1047	1260
(uncorrected) OFF BOTTOM =	1530	18°41.1942	158°18.0048	486	~520
mean dredge data (corrected):		18° 40' 59"	158° 18' 46"	870 (476 fm)	

RECOVERY WEIGHT = Total 300 kg Crust 20 kg?

CRUST THICKNESS = Veneer to 5 cm
Avg.: 1.5 cm
2 generations

SUBSTRATE = Basalt w/ altered olivine, hyaloclastite with smectite. Much rounded rubble w/ Mn veneer
Trachyte

COMMENTS: Strange rough surface - Halbach says maybe due to O_2 minimum causing dissolution.
Lots of coral, brittle stars, sharks teeth

* 1 microbio sample
* 2 bio samples (plastic boxes)
* 1 bio sample (plastic bag)

6DK

6 DK

Gesamtmenge: 300 kg

Hauptsächlich Basaltbruchstücke faustgroß mit dünner Mn-Umkrustung

5 größere Stücke 60 × 40 cm groß mit 2-8 cm mächtiger Mn-Kruste an Oberseite und Seite, Unterseite as dünne Mn-Haut. Substrat Hyaloklastit mehr oder weniger altenert, durchzogen mit Phosphorit, teilweise lagenweise – d auf Klüften Phosphorit. Mn-Kruste → 2 Krustengenerationen, junge Krust mit feinknotiger Oberfläche, teilweise angelöst (korrodiert), teilweise Smektitbruchstücke (0,5 cm) eingelagert; alte Kruste phosphoritimprägniert, durchzogen mit Apatit- o adem, muscheligem Bruch, die scharfe Grenze zwischen Krust und Substrat

6 DK 1 25×10 cm groß, Mn-Kruste (1 cm) oben, unte hauch dünn Oberfläche knotig (Phole), basalt. Substrat

6 DK 2 40×50 cm Stück, 5 cm Mn-Kruste, 2 Generationen, Apa imprägniert, Kruste korrodiert, knotige Oberfläche Unterseite dünne Mn-Haut, alte Kruste durchzogen mi Klüften gefüllt mit Phosphorit.
Substrat - stark alterierter Hyaloklastit, olivgrün, fast nur noch Smektit, Breccien größe 0,5-2 cm

6 DK 3 40×40 cm Stück, Substrat wie 6 DK 2 mit eingelagerten Basaltbruchstücken, überzogen mit Mn-Kru 1-4 cm mächtig, 2 Generation, junge Kruste eingela gerte Smektit Bruchstücke ~0,5 cm knotige Ober fläche, alte Kruste ist durch 2 mm Phosphoritlage ge trennt, Apatitimprägniert, differierende Mächtigkeit in beiden Generationen

6 DK 4 Substrat wie 6 DK 2 Mn-Kruste 7-8 cm mächtig Oberseite, unte dünne Mn-Haut, 2 Generationen jg. 3-5 cm, ältere 2-3 cm, durchzogen mit 2-3 mm Phosphoritlage, Krustenoberfläche feinknotig

6 DK 5 Substrat: teilweise alterierter Hyaloklastit (rote Lapilli stark durchzogen mit Phosphorit, eingelagerte Basalt bruchstücke (blasig), Mn-Kruste 0,8-3 cm mächtig 2 Generationen, getrennt durch dünne Phosphoritlage Unterseite dünne Mn-Haut

6 DK 6 Phosphorit mit Mn-Dendriten, 2 mm mächtige Mn-Umkrustung

6 DK 7 Basaltbruchstück ohne Kruste

ca 20 kg Krust

AKal A ~50 kg Mn-Kruste

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: SO 33

Sample I.D: Sta: DK 6

Location: (Cross Sunt
158° 18' 46"
18° 40' 39"
(-) 870 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

6DK1

basalt hyaloclastite/breccia

6DK2

Color: Dark Gray (N3) ~~to Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/2)~~

Light brown (5YR/6) to yellowish-gray (5Y 7/2)

Texture: Aphanitic – subaphyric hyalopilitic / pilotaxitic / subtrachytic to dikytaxitic trachytic

Aphanitic hyalopilitic / pilotaxitic / subtrachytic – trachytic flow structure;

Phenocrysts: very rare

Olivine – <1% ~1mm
Pyroxene(?) <<1% " 0.75mm
plagioclase <1-1% 0.1mm

not observed

Groundmass: tannlar feldspar (plagioclase?) (~65%, <0.5mm)
glass ~30%
Opaques 5%

glass 95-99+% (?)

Vesicles: large flat, lenticular
size: 5-10 cm
filling: empty
shape

dense to scoriaceous
<1mm – ±3cm
empty
round to elongate

Clasts:
shape:
size:

subangular – angular
<1mm — 50+mm
~1 cm avge

Remarks: angular – subangular clasts of aphanitic – subaphyric AOB(?) fresh to very altered basalt, ~~porphyritic subaerially in part~~. Texture is highly directed pilotaxitic ⊥ to top of flow, micaceous ∥ to top of flow, more vesicular toward top, phenocrysts rare, but locally abundant in large pieces, oriented ∥ to direction of flow; alteration is localized, fresh material often immediately adjacent to very altered zones (alteration envelope along fractures); ?; contains generally <1mm (or 0.5mm) to rare 1cm clasts of a reddish brown altered aphyric basalt (5YR 7/4) plus phenocrysts of plagioclase and olivine(?) in lower abundance; fragments isolated in lower altered features

highly to completely altered basaltic hyaloclastite matrix; alteration is in part to montmorillonite(?) (pale green) and to zeolites(?) and in part to brown iron oxide; frequently deposited directly on top of larger basaltic clasts; sometimes these are incorporated in the hyaloclastite deposit; flow structures can rarely be observed; hyaloclastite cobbles, pebbles usually occur with ±1 cm-thick layer of cemented pale brown (5YR 5/4) to grayish orange pink (5YR 7/2) phosphorite and lighter colored calcite

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: S033

Sample I.D: Sta: 6DK

Location: Cross Smt
158° 18' 46"
18° 40' 59"
(-) 870 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

6DK3 | 6DK4 | 6DK5 | 6DK6

Rock Type: Trachyte(?) Hyalo-clastite/Breccia → Trachyte AOB Hyaloclastite → Basalt, AOB (?) Subaerially erupted? → Phosphorite / Phosphorite Volcanogenic Br

Color: Moderate greenish-yellow to pale olive (10Y 6/2) (10Y 7/4) → Light brown (5YR 5/6) to Pale greenish-yellow (10Y 8/2) → Dark Gray (N3) → Pale brown (5YR 5

Texture: Pyroclastic (holohyaline) → -do- → Intersertal

Phenos: Plagioclase ±5%, ±3mm; Olivine <1%, ±2mm

Matrix: Trachyte fragments, pumice, ±55% → -do-, ± 40%, AOB glass ± 20%

Groundmass: Olivine, Plagioclase, not detec

Cement: Phosphorite, (Pe. brn 5YR 5/2) ±45% → -do-, ± 40%

Vesicles: ± 40% of total, round-oval shape, ± 0.25 mm dia., calcite, zeolites, smectite filling, ± 20% of total vesicles

Avge. Grain Size: ± 3mm (gravel size) ≠ ±

Avge. Grain Shape: angular-subangular → -do-

Sorting: Very poorly-sorted ≠ poorly-Sorted

Porosity: ± 75% → ±-do-

Permeability: ± 75% → ±-do-

Alteration: Superficial(?) (zeolitization ?) (ddingsitization of olivine) → Complete (Smectit. zeolitization, hydrat. of hyaloclastite, phosphorization of chalk cement.

Alteration: complete? (Smectitization (montmorillonite) zeolitization (phillipsite?), hydration (water), phosphorization (cement) → -do-, oxidation

Remarks: Holohyaline angular fragments of totally(?) altered trachytic pumice (clasts of any kind usually rare, acicular (feldspar only) very rare shiny black, flat, hexagonal crystals (biotite amphibole?). usually holohyaline, very glassy; individual fragments often show flow structure, directed texture "accordion structure, like expanded vermiculite; dredge recovered many subrounded clasts (cobble-boulder-size) some bearing thin (±3mm) discontinuous deposits of phosphorite, volcanogenic breccia and chalk (volcanogenic breccia (Lithologies 6, 8), coated generally with veneer-thickness-to 5-cm-thick deposits of δ-MnO_2, often with 2 generations of crust (dendritic to laminar) separated by thin (± 2 mm thick) layer of yellowish phosphorite

→ -do- Similar to Lithologies ±3, ± 2 but with included (usually larger than trachyte frags) AOB glass(?). some appear to have minute iddingsite rhombs included, otherwise very like the trachyte (less directed texture, no "accordion" structure). Some clasts have ± 0.5 mm-thick deposits of δ-MnO_2(?) coating them (incorporated into the trachyte hyaloclastite/breccia later?). pebble-to-cobble-size rounded to subrounded to subangular clasts coated with veneer of δ-MnO_2. some penetration to 2-3cm with dendritic MnO_2 (remobilized from veneer coating?)

→ Extremely poorly-so

→ subangular to subrounded large pebbles & cobbles of (probably) slope talus (often coate with veneer-to-seve cm-thick deposits δ-MnO_2(?) & tolero brunessite?) [dendrit growth patterns most frequent]; probably de loped as foraminifer ooze on terraces which received "rain volcaniclastic mate subsequently phosph (volcaniclastic mat often coated with ± -thick layers of shin dark-brown, glassy phosphorite (phosph nodules?); hyaloc fragments are com altered to smectites zeolites; as former collapsed or otherwise disturbed, clasts of phosphorite rolled slope.

Remarks: large cobble-size rounded-to-subrounded clasts ~~are~~ crashed to ± 5 mm with chalk/phosphorite coated generally with thin veneer of δ-MnO_2. Concentric development of vesicles, crystals in X-section of cobbly (originally volcanic bombs erupted subaerially?); Olivine glomeroporphyric with itself, plagioclase generally single crystals, often displaying resorption.

(Matrix) Basalt(?)/trachyt altered aphanitic c hyaloclastite

(Cement) Phosphorite originally chalk

(Avg. 92) ±11 mm

(grain shape) sub rounded

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: S033

Sample I.D: Sta: 60K

Location: Cross Sm
158°19'46" W
18°40'59" N
-870 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

6DK7 | 6DK8 | 6DK9

Rock Type: Trachyte, Chalk | Ferromanganese Nodules

Color: Pale brown (5YR5/2) → grayish-orange (10YR7/4) to very pale orange (10YR8/2) → Brownish-black 5YR2/1

Texture: Aphyric, Subtrachytic (micaceous on surfaces ∥ to top of flow) → granular, arenaceous → dendritic, warty, cuspate (internal), (external)

Phenocrysts: absent

≠ (matrix): globigerina(?) calcareous foraminiferal tests, ±0.25 mm, ± 95%

Micro laminae of todorokite(?)/birnessite(?) developed in arborescent growths around central axes (equant, angular

Groundmass: Sanidine ± 0.10 mm, ≠ Titanomagnetite ± 2%, ± 0.05 mm

≠ (cement): calcite phosphorite(?) ± 5%

- Subangular fragments of volcaniclastic material (tuff, hyaloclastite, volcanogenic breccia), thickness varies from ± 1 cm - ± 7 cm, usually with two generations separated by thin (± 1 mm) phosphorite layer. Surface texture warty → cuspate, high porosity, fragile, probably terraced nodules developed around volcaniclasts

Vesicles: absent — 35-40% (Scoriaceous variety)

Average (Grade G2): ± 0.25 mm

(Grain Shape): rounded

Alteration: moderate to progressive (smectitization, zeolitization, hydration [feldspar → opaques]; oxidation)

(Sorting): well-sorted

(Porosity): ± 80%

(Permeability): ± 80%

(Alteration): incipient/superficial (phosphorization (recrystallization) of calcite)

Remarks. Rare subangular pebble-to-cobble-size clasts set in volcaniclastic volcanogenic conglomerate. Some varieties are dense, some are vesicular, all aphyric (rare sanidine microphenocrysts and titanomagnetite microphenocrysts); brown color probably due to (oxydation alteration) of fine grained titanomagnetite

→ apparently foraminiferal ooze that has been lithified is in form of pebble-size angular clasts forming the capping layer of other detrital rocks. Incipient phosphorization (heaviest near contact with fragmented tuff(?)). Stained variously in shades of pale orange by remobilized $Fe(OH)_3$(?) / various fractures dusted or lined with dendritic todorokite(?)