DATE: 25 August 1984 SAMPLE: 71 DK
CRUISE ID: SO33
LOC: VIII
AREA: F

	time (GMT)	LAT (N)	LON (W)	water depth (m)	wire ou
ON BOTTOM =	0150	20° 13.410	170° 36.077	2220	2887
(uncorrected) OFF BOTTOM =	0302	20° 13.493	170° 38.44	1740	
mean dredge data (corrected):		20° 13'25"	170° 36'00"	1997 (1092 fm)	

RECOVERY WEIGHT = ~ 200 kg (total) 20 kg (crust)

CRUST THICKNESS = Veneer to 3 cm Avg 1.5 cm
2 generations
sooty looking crusts

SUBSTRATE = phosphorite/trachyte breccia
foram. ooze

COMMENTS:
Sample of ooze in bottle
<63μ is 99.7% $CaCO_3$, 0.3% insoluble residue
* 2 microbio samples

71DK

71 DK

Gesamtmenge: 80 kg
davon 10 kg Kruste

- basaltische Breccie in phosphatisch, carbonatisch verfestigte Sediment

71 DK 1 80 x 30 cm Stück - große mehrere cm große basaltische Klasten, unterschiedlich alteriert, 0,5-0,8 Mn-Kruste, Oberfläche grobknotig

71 DK 2 30 x 10 cm s.o., bis 1 cm Mn-Kruste, 1 Stück

71 DK 3 isolierte Mn-Krusten ~ 2 cm mächtig

71 DK 4 basaltische Breccie, grünlich, stark alteriert

71 DK 5 ~ 0,4 cm Mn-Kruste auf carbonatischem Phosphorit

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: SO 33

Sample I.D: Sta: 71 DK

Location: Mid-Pac M. (Area F)
20° 13' 25" N
170° 36' 00" W
(~) 1548 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

1

Rock Type: Basalt (Alkalic?)

Color: Pale olive (10Y 6/2) to brownish-gray (5YR 4/1)

Texture: Microphyric, subtrachytic

Phenocrysts: Plagioclase
Pyroxene?

Groundmass: Plagioclase
Pyroxene?
Glass?
Opaques?
} (not determined)

Vesicles: 0% (varies greatly within samples) nearly dense to up to 30%.
Shape: irregular elongate
Size: ± 1 mm
Filling: often filled with calcite, or lined with phillipsite? needles

Alteration: Extensive!
(zeolitization, hydration, silicification, oxidation)

Remarks: pebble to boulder-size, generally rounded clasts set in cements of varying types, forming volcanogenic conglomerates; though dark in less altered pieces, apparently all alkalic basalt (related to other basalts of area) probable of same origin (major constituents appear to be flat thin hexagonal plates, 4- to four-sided needles of plagioclase and shiny black four-to-six-sided needles of pyroxene; serves as substrate (as volcanogenic breccia) for ferro manganese deposit described

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Volcanogenic Breccia I

Light brownish gray (5YR 6/1)

Clastic
(matrix): basalt ~~Trachyte~~(?) fragments, ± 50%.
(cement): "sandstone" made of:
(pelecypod?) shell fragments, ± 10%.
manganese micronodules, ± 1%.
basalt ~~Trachyte~~(?) fragments, ± 5%.
calcite?, ± 1%.
phillipsite?, ± 2%.
phosphorite(?), ± 1%.

(open space), ± 30%.

(Average grain size:) ± 1 mm
(" grain shape:) subrounded
(sorting:) extremely poorly-sorted
(porosity:) open- + extended
(permeability:) 80+%

→ extensive; (zeolitization, phosphorization, recrystallization of calcite?

pebble-to-boulder size clasts composed of volcanogenic conglomerate; the included basalt ~~trachyte~~ clasts, generally well subrounded, are in varying states of alteration — some by hydrothermal and some by subaerial(?) weathering; roundness of the matrix constituents and surface weathering suggest a period of subaerial exposure and re-working by water currents prior to submergence. Serves as substrate for deposition of thin (up to ± 2 cm thick) encrustations of wavy ferro-manganese-oxide fractured (one generation, calcite internally) to botryoidal deposits.

In basalt ~~trachyte~~(?) matrix material lined with

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: 5037

Sample I.D: Sta: 71 DK

Location: MidpacMtns (Area F)
20°13'25"N
170°36'00"W
(~) 1548 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

Rock Type: Volcanogenic conglomerate II (3)

Color: (matrix) greenish-gray (5GY 6/1)
(usually) (cement) very pale orange (10YR 8/2)

Texture: clastic

Matrix: ~~tra~~ basalt? clasts ± 70%.

Cement: phosphorized chalk ± 30%.

Average grainsize: (extremely variable)
(range: sand to large cobble-size)

Gr grain shape: subrounded

Sorting: extremely poorly sorted

Porosity: ± 60%.

Permeability: ± 40%.

Alteration: (cement) (extensive phosphorization (zeolitization?))

Remarks: Similar in form to 71 DK2, cement differing; infiltration by $FeO(OH)$(?)-bearing solutions variously colors the phosphorite cement, soft, porous, but harder than 71 DK4; serves as substrate for thin (<1 mm) to thick (± 15 mm), compact (fine isolose supertopography) encrustation of ferromanganese oxide; more indurated dense phosphorite (pale yellowish brown (10YR 6/2) to pale brownish-gray (5YR 5/1) clots present as thin bands or layers

Probably the same as 71 DK2, becoming free directly beneath ferromanganese crust by coloring, greater induration

Chalk (4)

very light gray (N 8)
to
very pale orange (10YR 8/2)

granular

foraminiferal tests (not determined)

calcite, phosphorite (francolite?))

~~not~~ determined)

(not determined)

moderately well-sorted(?)

80+%.

-do-

incipient; (phosphorization?) of chalk — very spotty; recrystallization of calcite in foraminiferal te

Subangular pebble-to-cobble-size clasts probably already dislodged from outcrop before collection by dredge (general encrustati with ferromanganese deposit — knobby, warty, 1 mm thick); incipient phosphorization(?) of the chalk discontinuous, spotty (pale orange area); not indurated; intensely penetrated by worm(?) burrow tubes (serves as channels for manganese oxide deposition

Sample No. 5033 71 DK5

Type: foraminiferal ooze

Color: Very light brownish-gray (5YR 7/1)

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: S033

Sample I.D: Sta: 7 / DK

Location: M. d Pac Mtns (Area F)
20° 13' 25" N
170° 36' 00" W
(-) 1548 m

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

Rock Type: Basalt, (pyroxene alkalic?)

Color: Dark gray (N3) (bluish)

Texture: Microphyric, subtrachytic (quite directed) Intersertal

Phenocrysts: glomeroporphyric together and as single phenocrysts
- Plagioclase (oligoclase): ±10%, ±1mm
- Pyroxene: ±15%, ±1mm
- Amphibole(?): <3%, ±1mm

Groundmass:
- Fayalite (iddingsite) 6%
- Plagioclase? (oligoclase)
- Pyroxene (?)
- Amphibole (?)
- Glass (glass) 11%
- Opaques

(not determined)

Vesicles: absent, 1%

Alteration: moderate, (argillation [smectite] oxidation, hydration)

Remarks: angular cobble- to boulder-size clasts perhaps dislodged from a primary outcrop (no adhering cement on the clasts); displays strong flow structure, directed texture; is the freshest rock recovered in the dredge, but displays haloes of alteration patterns. Strongest around clast peripheries. Strongly resembles other basalt from Area F (pc/px/am pxt assemblages), pyroxenes, pc are long, acicular, like hornblende in schists. Serves as substrate for ±1mm-thick, dendritic (intergranular) Mn generation ferromanganese crust with finely undulose surface topography.

(probably some clasts may be different flow units)

Basalt → do –

yellowish olive gray (5 GY 7/1) to olive gray (5 Y 5/1) (altered rind)

Phyric, intergranular (?)

– do – pc = ±3%, ±2mm dia. px = ±3%, ±1mm dia. } most frequently glomeroporphyric

– do – ?

– do –

moderately extensive argillation [smectite], oxidation, hydration.

Remarks: pebble-to-cobble-size clasts in a volcanogenic conglomerate #I (7/DK6) more crystalline than other basalts from this seamount, but probably derived from same magma chamber (pc/px/am assemblage; plagioclase & pyroxene are short & stubby, (unlike 7/DK6), most often glomeroporphyritic with each other (subophitic intergrowth of px partially-enclosing pc), rarely amphibole dense, no flow structure evident (unlike 7/DK6); evidence of subaerial exposure from rounding of clasts and weathering haloes peripheral to clasts; serves as substrate for ±1mm-thick ferromanganese crust (dendritic internally, finely undulose externally) curiously weathered (or hydrothermally altered) externally to pale yellowish-green (10 GY 7/2) - mistaken for nontronitized trachyte in hand specimen

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: SO33

Sample I.D: Sta: 71DK

Location: (Mid Pac Mtns Area F
20° 13.25' N
170° 36.00' W
(-) 1548 m

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

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Rock Type: Basalt, (Px-Alkalic?)

Color: pale greenish-yellow (10Y 8/2) to pale yellowish-green (10GY 7/2) (externally) to yellowish-gray (5Y 7/2) to medium dark gray (N4) internally

Texture: Microphyric, intergranular?! (most phenocrysts are single) Strong flow structure & flow banding

Phenocrysts: Plagioclase - ± 5%, ± lamellae
Pyroxene - ± 5%, "
Amphibole? - < 1%, "

Groundmass: plagioclase, pyroxene, glass ?!, opaques, amphibole? (not determined)

Vesicles: %: Varies from ± 3 – 10% (abundance varies from band to band) Shape: irregular, elongated in direction of flow
Size: ± 0.75 mm
Filling: usually lined with calcite(?) or zeolites(?)

Remarks: Pebble-to-small cobble-size subangular-subangular clasts loose and set in volcanogenic breccia #1 (710K 2), pieces are usually altered to pale greenish or yellowish color - mistaken for fractures; strong flow structure and flow banding with acicular crystal phases and vesicles oriented with direction of flow; probably derived from the same magma batch as other basalts from this dredge, as mineral phases and textures are very similar. Serves as substrate for thin veneer of black, finely botryoidal ferromanganese oxide

Alteration: extensive + complete (argillation [smectite], hydration, zeolite-calcite) [varies from band to band]

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→ do -

Colors very strikingly in concentric aureoles from outermost very altered to innermost (core) least altered: Light brown (5YR 6/4), pale greenish-yellow (10Y 8/2), yellowish-gray (5Y 7/2), pale yellowish-brown (10YR 6/2), olive black (5Y 2/1)

→ do -, phyric

→ do; Pc, ± 2%; Px, ± 2%; am, ? 1%

→ do -

→ do -, ± 3% only

→ calcite, zeolite

→ do -; but set in Volcanogenic Breccia #2

≠ not the same

→ do -

→ but up to 1 cm thick and quite dense

→ do -

Sample Description

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Sample I.D: Sta: 71 DK

Location: Mid Pac Mtn (Area F)
20° 13' 25" N
170° 36' 00" W
(-) 1548 m

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

Rock Type: Phosphorite

Color: Grayish-orange 10YR 7/4

Texture: finely granular, (dense, interlocking grains)

Matrix: foraminiferal tests, almost completely lost by conversion to apatite, condensation by diagn

Cement: Phosphorite (francolite?), virtually indistinguishable from matrix.

Average grain size: probably < 0.005 mm

" " shape: probably short acicular

Sorting: probably of uniform grain size at the subMicroscopic level

Porosity: < 1%.

permeability: none

Alteration: Complete (phosphorization of original $CaCO_3$ Chalk, oxidation of Siderite?) component of ~~for~~ foraminiferal tests

Remarks: rather, flat pebble-size clasts found loose in dredge; coloring is mottled, occasional "ghosts" of foraminiferal tests visible; surface topography is marred by narrow dia. bore holes (worm?, clam?)