DATE: 5 August 1984 SAMPLE: 9DK Box dredge
CRUISE ID: SO 33
LOC: II
AREA: B

	time (GMT)	LAT (N)	LON (W)	water depth (m)	wire
ON BOTTOM =	0657	9°41.753	162°10.8600	1927 (1054 fm)	2300
(uncorrected) OFF BOTTOM =	0834	~9°44'	162°10'		1870
mean dredge data (corrected):		9°42'31"	162° 10'40"	1793 (980 fm)	

time on bottom = 1 hr. 37 min

RECOVERY WEIGHT = Total 350 kg Crust 35 kg
basalt + sed = 315 kg

CRUST THICKNESS = 2mm – 2.5 cm
Avg. = 1 cm
Many nodules (4-8 cm) w/ thin crust (up to 1 cm

SUBSTRATE = basalt, hyaloclastite, basaltic brecc
↓ fresh to mod. altered

COMMENTS: many shark's teeth, whale ear bone
shark's teeth within the crust

* 1 microbio sample
* 2 bio sample
* smear slides made

9DK

*** Petrographische Daten Sediment

RV Sonne So 33 Midpac II 29.7 - 29.8.1984

Datum: 4.08.84 Areal: B Lokation: II Station: 9DK

Probennummer: 9DK Sediment bottom contact at

Längengrad, nk: Lat = 9°42.676 → 9°44.961 k: 9°41.75'

Breitengrad, nk: Lon = 162°10.499 → 162°09.900 k: -162° 10.861

Wassertiefe (m): 1908 → 1431 m Bereich (m):

Typ: foraminiferal ooze Farbe: light gray

>63µm (Gew.%): <63 um (Gew.%): $CaCO_3$ = 91.7 %
undissolved residue = 8.3 %

Hpt. Bestd. Teile >63µm.:

Neb. Bestd. Teile >63µm.:

Hpt. Bestd. Teile <63µm.:

Neb. Best. Teile <63µm.:

H_2O-Gehalt (Gew.%):

Bemerkungen: (1-5% of the Forams have orange Fe-staining)

750µ = 45% Globorotalia
35% Globogerina (sacculifer)
17% Pulleniatina
2% → ? Foraminifera
1% Lithic fragments (altered volcanics)
(5%) of the Forams have micronodules in their chambers)

315-500µ = 50% Globorotalia
45% Globogerina (sacculifer)
4% Lithics (altered volcanics + phosphorite) (1 Mn chip)
(5% of the forams contain micronodules)

200-315µ = 40% broken foram fragments
20% Globorotalia, 20% Globogerina (sacculifer), 20% Lithics = Mn chips, Zeolite crystals, altered volcanics, phosphorite

125-200 μ = 40% Broken Foraminifera fragments
40% Globigerina
20% Lithics (Mn chips, phosphorite, altered volcanics, zeolite crystals
1% agglutinated forams?

63-125 μ = 50% Broken foram fragments
50% Lithic fragments (Mn chips, phosphorite, altered volcanic

9 DK

Gesamtmenge 350 kg
35 kg Kruste + Knollen
2 kg Sediment
Rest Basalt. Substrat

- teilweise dickere Krusten mit 2 Generationen auf basalt. Breccie, dazwischen gerade alte Phosphorit-Lage

9DK 1 40 x 40 cm phosphatisiertes Substrat, 5 cm mächtig umkrustet, Oberfläche knotig (0,5 cm); je Generation 1 cm, alte Generat. 4 cm, darunter 3-6 cm Substrat, ehemals Sediment.

9DK 2 6 cm mächtige Kruste auf Alkali-Olivin Basalt, 2 Krustengenerationen; 3 cm junge, 3 cm alte.

9DK 3 Isolierte Mn-Krusten, knotige Oberfläche, oberer Teil der jungen Krustengeneration

9DK 4 20 x 30 cm Stück, ityalobasisches Substrat umkrustet, Kruste knotige Oberfläche, Krustenmächtigkeit 3 cm, durchzogen von biogen gebohrten Löchern

9DK 5 Mn-Knollen, faustgroß, 0,5 cm Kruste, basal Kern

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: SO33 90K Sample I.D: Sta: Location: "Sonne" Sm
162°10'40"W
9°42'31"N
(-) 1793 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

9DK1

Rock Type: Basalt (AOB?) massively altered?

Color: light olive gray (5Y 5/2) to pale brown (5YR 7/2)

Texture: subophitic hyalopilitic subtrachytic

Cement:

Phenocrysts: plagioclase ± 3%, ± 1 mm
olivine ± 1%, ± 1 mm

Groundmass: glass
plagioclase?
olivine?
opaques?
clinopyroxene?
} not determined

Vesicles: absent (deep) to ± 50% near upper contact (scoriaceous)
size: ± 2 mm
filling: calcite? chalcedony? amygdules 0 – ± 25%
shape: rounded to irregular

Alteration: smectitization (montmorillonite?) oxidation (especially near upper contact)

Remarks: large cobble-size clasts, may be pillow lava fragments
Coated with ± 5 mm layer of cryptic wavy MnO (10YR 8/2) opaque
fractures (hydrothermal fluids?) with glassy walls observed at upper contact

9DK2

Basalt (AOB?) Breccia

moderate brown 5YR 4/4

clastic (some hyalaline pieces)

grayish-yellow phosphatic 5Y 9/4 phosphorite? calcite?

(fewer)

(smaller) – do –

(more intense) smectitization, oxidation, zeolitization?, phosphorization?

coarse sand (± 1 mm) to large pebble size pieces of highly oxidized hyaline basalt set in phosphatized calcite or calcareous sediment. Sorting very poor, fragments subangular to subrounded. found in some specimens overlying basalt, in others, overlain by Mn-oxide (casual case) thus surface is very irregular — testifies this aspect to the overlying manganese deposit, probably not pyroclastic origin.

Basalt / pyroclastite (AOB?)

absent

(see next page)

Sample Description

Cruise I.D: So 33 9DK Sample I.D: Sta: Location: "So nne" Smt
122°10'40"
9°42'31"
(-) 1793 m.

Size: _____ Weight: _____

Mn crust thickness:

Total: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Inner crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Outer crust: min: _____ max: _____ ave: _____

Surface texture: _____

Internal structure: _____

layered: _____
laminated: _____
massive: _____
porous: _____
dendritic: _____
other: _____

Mineralogy (XRD): _____

Associated alteration, phosphorite, or hydrothermal deposits:

Substratum:

Rock type: _____

Description: _____

Mineralogy (XRD):

Analyses and subsamples:

analysis:	analyst:

9DK3

Rock Type: Basalt ± (Fe-Mn?) Hyaloclastite

Color: Grayish-orange (10YR 7/4)

Texture: Clastic (pyro?)

Matrix: foraminiferal tests? — ± 5%, ± 0.5 mm
basaltic glass shards — ± 70%, ± 5 mm
" rock fragments — ± 20%, ± 2 mm
manganese micronodules — ± 5%, ± 0.5 mm

Large Grain Size: ± 1 mm

Cement: phosphorite? (10%)
Smectite? (50%?)
zeolites? (? — 5%?)
Fe(OH)$_3$? < 1% ?
calcite? (5%) ?

Sorting: moderately sorted

Alteration: Smectitization, phosphorization, highly weathered
Remarks: Dissolution? oxidation & reworked

probably of pyroclastic origin, probably reworked and sorted by water currents. presence of manganese micronodules probably indicates mild sediment mobility prior to diagenesis. coated with 1-2 cm-thick layer of wavy ~MnO$_2$? deposits, heavy Fe(OH)$_3$? staining immediately beneath MnO$_2$ layer and diffusing downward into the substrate.

Porosity: ± 50%?

Permeability: ± 50%?

9DK4

Phosphorite / chalk

very pale orange (10YR 8/2) to pale yellowish-orange (10YR 8/6) ± medium light gray (N6)

foraminiferal tests — 90%, 0.15 mm
basaltic glass shards — ± 8%, 0.5 mm
" rock fragments — ± 4%, 0.5 mm
micro manganese nodules — < 1%, 1 mm
large grains: ± 0.5 mm

cement — calcite: 50%
apatite: ± 25%
Fe(OH)$_3$: < 1%
smectite: ± 5%
} ?

moderately sorted

biogenic origin, some pyroclastic and authigenic allochemical; probably globigerina-globorotalia ooze deposited on basalt/basaltic breccia/basaltic hyaloclastite substrate. infiltrated and replaced by P in seawater; lastly bonded (chemical solution infill), with Mn-nodules & fragments of crust incorporated within the layers; capped with thin layer (2-3 mm) of ~MnO$_2$.

± 50%?

± 50%?

Sample No. S0339DK5

Rock Type: Ferromanganese nodule

Texture: grossly botryoidal; finely, nodose surface; dendritic internally(?)

Color: Brownish-black (5YR 2/1)

Remarks: probably dendritic growth around igneous or volcanogenic sedimentary rock fragments (pebble size) (not sawed open to see); subspherical to favoid in shape.